Applications of the Blockchain Technology in Emergency Crisis Management and Rescue Processes

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Review Article

Abstract

INTRODUCTION: Communication and information exchange are of great importance in order to coordinate crisis management in an emergency and rescue processes. Therefore, the attainment of a strong, complete, and stable communication infrastructure will be among the vital factors for providing an appropriate response to emergencies. The use of new technologies that seem to ensure reliable communication and information exchange must be constantly evaluates.

METHODS: This review study searched articles published from 2000 to 2021 in Persian and English regarding blockchain technology applications in such databases as Google Scholar, Science Direct, and PubMed using keywords, including rescue, blockchain, and crisis management.

FINDINGS: Accurate and optimal presentation of information is an essential prerequisite for crisis management in response to disasters due to the significant impact of each role-maker's decisions. Innovative blockchain technology is extensively used in various fields and is usually well-known and popular for its decentralized and distributed organization and leadership.

CONCLUSION: In general, blockchain technologies have shown success in reducing logistics, support, executive, and management costs in different areas. Crisis management in emergencies and disaster response can be significantly improved by the implementation of blockchain technologies. In addition, studies show that the implementation of blockchain technology in crisis management during an emergency and rescue processes is very complex and requires a great deal of cooperation from all parties. However, it will be effective in practice.

Keywords: Blockchain; Crisis Management; Rescue.

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Introduction

nexpected events lead to the death of 150,000 people worldwide each year and cause losses of around \$140 billion in many countries. Iran, for various reasons, is one of the world's disaster-prone countries, and in the current situation, about 70% and 50% of the country is prone to the risk of earthquakes and floods, respectively. Today, it is of significant importance to learn from bitter experiences of the past and consider the unknown future and hazards to prevent unexpected events. Furthermore, in case of confronting such events, it is critical to move toward new crisis management

strategies and minimize losses and damages. In the preparedness of "rescue". addition. "treatment", and "support" groups is mandatory in an emergency; otherwise, the unpreparedness of each of these groups will increase casualties, injuries, and damages. It is obvious that new information and communication technologies can help us in all three aforementioned domains (1-3). During an emergency, it is inevitable to utilize new information and communication technologies in order to quickly access the scene of the accident and improve the quality and quantity of rescue. Information and communication

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technologies are the saviors of humans in difficult situations in which they are not able to solve problems. This technology is a factor that has caused great changes at all social, cultural, and managerial levels and becomes an integral part of modern life. The growth of information and communication technologies in the last ten years has caused human knowledge to proliferate, compared to the last fifty years, and enter new world arenas. In general, the use of new information technologies in the realm of rescue has helped to find the injured more quickly and reduce the rescue time. Regarding healthcare, it leads to patient referral based on available capacities, a decrease in treatment costs, an increase in the efficiency of healthcare, and appropriate notifications. Considering support, the required equipment can be dispatched to the affected areas based on real needs and sufficient information (2, 4-6).

Methods

This narrative review searched articles from 2000 to 2021 in Persian and English on the applications of blockchain technology through Google Scholar, Science Direct, and PubMed databases using such keywords as rescue, blockchain, and crisis management.

An introduction to the concept of blockchain technology

"Blockchain" technology is one of the technologies that has gained much attention recently and is undergoing heavy media operations. There are many definitions of this technology. According to developers, it is a set of protocols and encryptions to securely store information on distributed networks. In the realm of economy and business, it is a platform for designing digital currencies, and for engineers, it is a factor to alter the next generation of the Internet. Moreover, it is regarded as a means of transforming society and economics to achieve a decentralized world. The scope of this science is very wide, and this is one of the reasons why blockchain technology has become the greatest human invention after the Internet (7-9). Blockchain is a combination of the words "Block" and "Chain". This technology is a chain of blocks. "Blockchain" technology is a stored general file in

which data is stored in batches in well-structured blocks, and each block is connected to the next block using a code. If a block is connected to a chain, the accuracy and authenticity of its data are verified, and a connected and valid chain is created. Therefore, Blockchain is not just a technology rather it is a culture and a community the ultimate goal of which is to achieve a fairer world through decentralization. Furthermore, Blockchain is a type of information and reporting system. The information stored in this system is shared among all members of the network, and it is impossible to delete and manipulate the recorded information using encryption (10-14, 8). Blockchain technology is generally considered an important technology that can significantly change business models and processes, as well as the economy (15). Furthermore, this innovative technology is extensively used in a variety of fields, from common processes related to information systems, such as organizational modeling, to specialized topics, including fraud and financial misuse. This indicates that blockchain is a kind of technical and economic innovation (16). The previously conducted studies confirm this hypothesis that one of the important benefits of using blockchain technology is its decentralized organization and distribution, which may lead to increased objectivity and trust (15).

Applications of blockchain technology in medicine and health

Nowadays, blockchain technology is present in every field of business, and therefore, the healthcare sector has also benefited from this provided technology. Some features bv blockchain that are of great interest to healthcare organizations include intermediation. transparency, auditing, industry collaboration, and new business models (17). This technology is going to enter the medical field, and over the past five years, the largest technology companies, such as IBM, have devoted significant resources to comprehensive studies on the blockchain. The results of these studies lead to a better understanding of the applications of this technology in the field of healthcare. According to a study, more than half of the health executives are strongly inclined to have some form of blockchain technology in the medical system in the future since blockchain technology will provide more efficient and safer tools in this area.

The unchanging nature of this technology can bring about dramatic changes for the healthcare sector, and therefore, it seems perfectly appropriate for this sector (18). All patients' medical records can be recorded together using a global blockchain-based health network. Each patient can have a unique blockchain fingerprint to ensure that his or her identity and medical history are authentic. When this system is used for a large amount of data, health professionals will be well aware that how accurate this new trend can be. In addition, the widely scattered health records can be combined to provide an opportunity to track personal medical history using blockchain (4, 17, 18). Moreover, various components, such as the time and place of distribution and supply of medications can be more closely monitored. Monitoring of these changes is easily possible through the blockchain, and all results will be immutable (19). Blockchain protects the privacy of user information using its encryption function. Therefore, there is no fear of threats or bias when verifying information on the network. This improves the accuracy of the information so that the right decision can be made at the right time. Information can also be kept secure through the blockchain (6). According to a study conducted by Pereira et al., the combination of artificial intelligence and the blockchain could lead to solutions to health care problems. However, in addition to technical barriers, such as access to and storage of data in the blockchain, there are barriers in policy and privacy issues (20).

Applications of blockchain technology in emergency crisis management and rescue processes

Emergencies are unanticipated circumstances caused by accidents or harmful disasters that threaten the environment, properties, and people's lives. Regardless of the magnitude of the effect and whether emergencies occur completely unforeseen or are predictable, emergencies can only be managed if all the actors show more effective cooperation and coordination. Therefore, accurate and optimal provision of information is an essential prerequisite for crisis management and response to disasters since the decisions of role-maker any can have far-reaching implications. The variety of skills, abilities, and knowledge that the role-maker provides is

essential to managing the crisis. However, this diversity is also regarded as one of the barriers since in a real emergency; all efforts must be directed toward a common goal. This approach may be valuable to any planner; however, it can lead to significant shortcomings in the cooperation and network systems of the command and control center (12, 21-23).

Communication and information exchange are of great importance in local, national, and global emergencies since the common shared infrastructures may be temporarily or even permanently inaccessible or unreliable. Due to the critical significance of communication and information exchange in an emergency and rescue processes (e.g., alerting, deployment, and distribution of facilities, and localization of resources needed for rescue processes). designing, and evaluating concepts for the use of advanced and pioneering technologies seem necessary. Regarding the nature of emergencies, the use of new technologies is essential to improve the logistics and required support to respond and reduce costs. The utilization of innovative blockchain technology in crisis management during emergencies can lead to cooperation among many parties involved in the response process, thereby creating transparency (23-26). Furthermore, in mass disasters with multinational victims, it is important to identify the deceased for judicial, ethical, religious, and human rights reasons, as well as allow relatives to complete the mourning process (27).

Disaster Victim Identification (DVI) is a complex process which in post-mortem identification (PM) data, mainly fingerprints, DNA, and teeth, are collected to match ante-mortem data (AM) in the list of missing individuals (26). Although there are ways to human identification, they all have flaws that usually do not lead to the identification of the human identity in a timely manner. Initially, the management of the list of missing people which involves years and sometimes decades, as well as updating the data sources of the AM family is very challenging. Additionally, there is currently no comprehensive technical solution for managing both AM and PM to identify humans that can support multinational and intergovernmental participatory processes (27, 28). Blockchain technology provides tools to facilitate the creation of reliable, secure, and comprehensive ecosystems that can publish AM

and PM data across systems and protect against data breaches, redundancies, incompatibilities, and Furthermore, this technology errors. can revolutionize the process of identifying people around the world in terms of the management of missing people list, AM information resources for living people, and PM information resources for anonymous discovered victims; moreover, it compares compatible biological specifications for definitive identification. Therefore, using realworld scenarios, the researchers suggest a number of appropriate usages to gain a comprehensive understanding of the challenges and show how blockchain technology copes with such challenges and share information across multiple areas (6, 28-31).

Discussion and Conclusion

Accurate and efficient provision of information is an essential prerequisite for crisis management and response to disasters since the decisions of any role-maker can have far-reaching implications. Innovative blockchain technology is extensively used in various fields and is usually very popular due to its decentralized and distributed organization and management (26-23). This study mainly aimed to investigate the framework for adopting blockchain technology in an emergency. This technology and its related knowledge can be utilized in the real world. According to the findings of the present study, it was shown that how blockchain technology meets all the requirements for trust and information security. Since blockchain can be specifically designed to fulfill the requirements of an information path among participants, it can be configured separately. Therefore, the entire multiblock architectures are solutions for controlling central systems, as well as connecting multiple commands and mobile emergency units.

Distributed and effective blockchain layout is more appropriate than integrated plans and resources due to the need for emergency scenarios. In particular, the need for timely, accurate, and reliable information appears to be met by blockchain technology .Other problems that can be emerged during and after the disaster include difficulties in finding the nearest relief center, spread of disease anger, power outages, uneven distribution of water and food, finding missing people, counting of injured people and damages, transportation, victim certification for future well-being, and fraudulent behavior to steal people's well-being. The blockchain has the potential to solve all these problems effectively without any delay.

According to the previously conducted studies, the use of emerging technologies other than traditional methods can be useful for physicians. Moreover, these technologies understand the challenges using science, and therefore, they are of great social and humanitarian importance and can affect entire societies and human rights (6, 28-31). In general, blockchain technologies have proven to be successful in reducing logistic, support, administrative, and management costs in different areas. Crisis management in emergencies and disasters can be significantly improved by the implementation of blockchain technologies. In addition, studies show that the implementation of blockchain technology in crisis management, emergency, and rescue processes is very complex and requires a great deal of cooperation from all parties; however, it will be effective in practice.

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Conflict of Interests

Authors declared no conflict of interests regarding the publication of the present study.

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